

The Voysey Inheritance, splendidly staged at the Cottesloe, is a landmark in English political drama, writes Michael Billington

The money trick

ARLEY Granville Barker's The Voysey Inheritance (1905) is one of the great English great English amily drama written from a socialist standpoint. My only reservation about Richard Eyre's new production is that he has chosen to stage it in the Cottesloe rather than in one of the National's larger auditoria where it could both breathe more easily and be seen by bigger audiences.

Margery Morgan in the programme relates the play to Shaw's Mrs Warren's Profession. Actually I was reminded of Ibsen's Ghosts in that the subject is a poisoned inheritance: this being England, however, the transmitted disease is financial rather than sexual. The shock revelation comes early on when young Edward Voysey discovers that his solicitor father has been using clients' trust funds for speculation and personal profit. Far from being criminally shamefaced, his father refers to his fraudulent business (which he claims to have inherited from his father in turn) as "a great edifice". The question is whether priggish Edward will carry on the family tradition. On one level the play is a voyage of self-discovery. Like a lot of Barker's heroes, Edward is a detached idealist who comes to terms with the world. His initial instinct is to put the firm into bankruptcy and stand trail himself. But gradually he turns into a Lincolns Inn Robin

Hood, fiddling the accounts so as to pay off the smaller clients at the expense of the larger. By the suavest of ironies, Barker shows Edward achieving heroic status by illegal means.

But Barker is not merely exploring the individual conscience and (through the teeming Voysey clan seemingly secure in their Chiselhurst fastness) the hypocrisies of middle class life. He is also writing the first Marxist drama in English. His real theme is money and his play offers a sharp, running critique of capitalism. Challenged about his own grandios lifestyle, Voysey senior explains it was precisely that which carried him to victory since "business is now a day's run on the lines of the confidence trick". And Alice Mailand, Edward's eventual wife, candidly admits that since she has neither earned nor deserved the £400 a year on which she lives, she has no moral right to her wealth. Barker seems to have written a well, upholstered Edwardian family drama: in fact, he is attacking the foundations on which the whole society rests.

Richard Eyre's production, played in the round with minimal revolving flats by William Dudley which whisk us from Lincoln's Inn to Chiselhurst, is both economical and suggestive. What it captures especially well is the ritualised smugness of middle class life. Voysey sure poriges himself as much on his celery as his chicanery and, sure enough, the former proudly appears on his

dining table. The male clubbiness of this world is also shown by the way the women silently withdraw at the beginning of the family scenes. And (following Barker's stage direction) Eyre at the last spotlighte family portrait of the swindling old Voysey implying that it may be another 'eneration before his values are overturned.

David Burke as Voysey senior is, in fact, throughout wonderfully wreathed in self-



Tower of strength: Michael Bryant

satisfaction seeing himself not as a petty crook but as a buccaneering Napoleon of commerce. Jeremy Northam as Edward, however, misses some of the
character's initial hot-headed
self righteousness: only if Edward begins as an intemperate
prig you get a sense of his
moral growth. But (not before
time) the Eyer regime seems at
last to be producing an identifiable company that backs all the
way down.

Michael Bryant as the Voyseys' head clerk (in on the family secret) is his usual tower of
strength offering a mixture of
pribing cajolery and wounded
pride: I swear you can see his
back stiffen as, after an abortive blackmalling attempt, he is
told to go about his business.
Graham Crowden, as a defrauded family friend, exudes a
glittering rapacity. And,
amongst the Voyseys, there are
two fine vignettes from Robert
Swann as a barking, blustering
major and from Selina Cadell
as a ruthlessly exploited daughter who flaps around the house
like a bird with a damaged
wing.

Barker's play ends a touch
tamely with a redemptive marriage; despite the heroic efforts
of Stella Gonet the character of
Alice Maittand won't, as Max
Beerbohm said, do at all. But
the work remains a landmark
in English political drama: one
that manages simultaneously
to be opulent and subversive
like some sleak, handsomely
furbished ocean-going liner on
which is concealed a quietly
ticking bomb.

Billington on Voysey

Clipped By:



Thu, Feb 27, 2020

