

## Sharp, hard turn of the screw on Chekhov

## Theatre

Michael Coveney sees gems in Trevor Griffiths's reworking of classic tales.

WHEN Trevor Griffiths talks of the 'recovery job' still to be done on Chekhoy, he sounds foolish and out of touch. But in Piano at the Cottesloe, he has concocted a flinty, nagging meditation on Chekhov that reasts conversational flashpoints from the short stories in the setting of Chekhov's first play,

The Royal National Theatre

has already reconstructed Platonov as a spectacular farce in Michael Frayn's Wild Honey Here, Griffiths starts with 1980 Soviet film, Unfinishe Piece for Mechanical Piano, and presents the hero's bungles suicide attempt as a sou footnote to a survey of social control of the property of

This process is beautiful controlled in Howard Davies production, laid out across the entire floor of the Cottesloe an anunted by the jangling interventions of the pianola delivered to Anna Petrovna's estat by a couple of glowering, prohetic workmen. That even and its metaphorical reverberance between the product of the

reworked in August Wilson's latest play in New York, The Piano Lesson

ornitins tigntens the street on the characters, so that Pene lope Wilton's voracious hostes is more crudely skittish than in Chekhov, and the idealist newlyweds (Duncan Bell an Suzanne Burden) more risible Other Platonov stalwarts — th doctor (Oliver Cotton) and the old colonel (Basil Henson) — have been entertainingle

An exchange in the story 'At a Country House', about the social consequences of absorbing the peasantry into positions of influence, becomes a pivotal departite conferencies. Philip

s Voss's smug, liberal-baiting reactionary is quietly reminde by Stephen Moore's otherwis wirtually silent paterfamilia that his own father was worker and his grandfather

Platonov himself, in the scowling, tousle-haired figure of Stephen Rea, patrols the garden like a restless, vitriolic gamekeeper. This is indeed a far cry from Rex Harrison's ill-tempered womaniser, or lan McKellen's merciless poseur. Rea turns the failed schoolmaster inside out, so that his Byronic romanticism becomes a weapon of attrition. Distant rumbles of thunder, and the mgoverned music of the piano, are premonitions of Platonov's explosive hopelessness, this crupts in the unexpected sound of Caruso singing 'Una furtiva lagrima' as Rea rushes around like an unleashed maniac.

Chekhov has long ceased to the sleepy theatrical palliative imagined by Griffiths, both in mainland Europe and, especially, in the Irish theatre. But his exercise in reclamation has to own rhythm and validity, and the National is surely doing the surely provided by the surely doing the surely playing the following the surely long array playwright of whom we had nearly lost sight. Griffiths' sett is a gem—diamond-bright, hard, unsentimental and finny.

Michael Hastings's A Dream of People for the Royal Shakespeare Company in the Pit is also shot through with an anger at the way things are. A civil servant (Peter McEnery) fails to interest the Prime Minister in his report on pensions in the twenty-first century. He throws a punch, suffers demotion, and responds by mixing with the tramps and wrinklies whom rational Tory politics will very soon dispossess. His 'dream' dream' meetings where the caring pinlosophy of the Beveridge era is unceremoniously lamented. McEnery cracks up and sends all his furniture to Ethiopia, while his wife (Judy Parfitt) suffers a parallel breakdown in recalling a wartime lesbian

fing.

The play is persistently interesting, though it fails to congeal in any convincing way. Janet Suzman is the director, and the clever designs are by John Engels. McEnery finally fades out with a dream of suicides in Frinton-on-Sea ("We didn' want to be a burden'), a haunting sequence that suggests a play much better than this merely promising ragbag by another of our dangerously disappearing talented contemporary playwrights.

reviving Jean-Paul Sartre-Kean (1953), meekly turns bach the clock for no very good reason. In a mish-mash of backstage farce and theatrical low camp, we see Kean embroilec with high society, subsiding it debt and a codpiece in his dressing room, carousing in a smokefilled dockside pub with ol mates, and performing the las act of Othello with a besotten neophyte as Desdemona. This benefit for old Bob', is overrue by prompts, interruptions, ar ungovernable onset of real jealousy, a stand-up row with the Prince of Wales, and an act o actorish self-abasement ("Da c you have to think you're somebody else; I thought I wa Kean').

Kean').

Kenneth Tynan suggested that John Gielgud was Kemble to Laurence Olivier's Kean, the easthete opposed to the animal. Today, you might draw similar comparisons between Derei Jacobi and Michael Gambon. (Twenty years ago, in this same prickly-sharn translation by

Frank Hauser, the inimitable Alam Badel was gilintingly and neurotically hilarious, neither Kemble nor Kean.) At the Old Vic, Jacobi tries vainly to barter his Kemble-ness for Kean-ness, resorting to fits of boyish petulance and precious inflections that betray a surfeit of good breeding in a parvenu rapscallion. What Hazilit called the hoarse burst of thunder in Kean's voice becomes the glotal spluttering and whinnying in Jacobi's.

Missing the persons of Kean matters less than missing 'the demonism of his reputation. This Kean is not a tempestuous clown but a tarnished matine diol. Jacobi compensates a little in brilliantly invoking Olivier's Othelio (to whom he play Cassio) with its early preview of the Viv Richards Isonine amble, palms splayed like those of a priest at the Offertory, the red-dened inner mouth, the glistening, dark coffee body make-up

It is a clever and technically adept performance, but it does nor justify the play, any more than does Sam Mendes's disappointingly rhubarby production. The initial effervescence of Jeremy Sams's musical interludes, beautifully played by artecchino quartet on violin, accordion and clarinets, tends finally to pall, as of the expensively-not-quite-effective sets of Simon Highett.

A lot of the support playing is crude, and Eleanor David': Danish pasty-faces, the object o Kean's wild passion, far tox introverted. But Nicholas Farrell is a splendfül supercilious Prince, Sarah Woodwar fiercely pert and precise as the determined Anne Danby (throle that made Felicity Kenda!!) ame opposite Badel), and Ian McNeice admirably slothful a McNeice admirably slothful as Solomon, the devoted dresser.

## Coveney on Piano & Hastings

FROM THE DIRECTOR OF "HOPE AND GLORY"

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